

## Graph

Visual display of information or data

Organize and arrange data to be easily understood

**Independent variable** = “x” axis

**Dependent Variable** = “y” axis

Title should compare the independent to the dependent

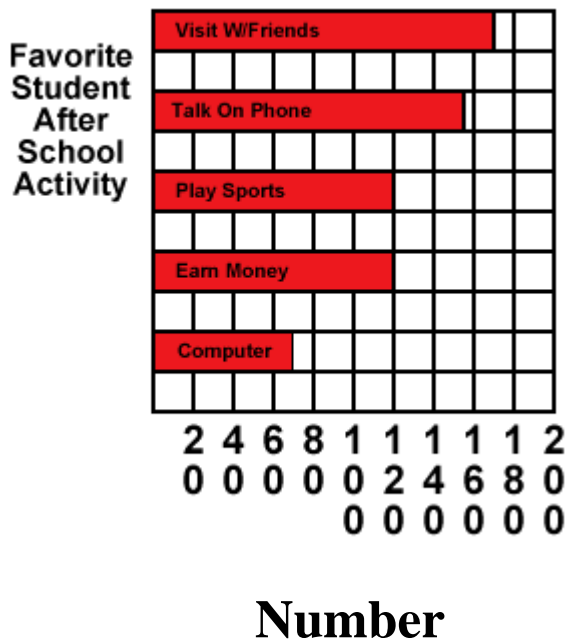
3 main graphs (used in science) are bar, line, & pie

## Bar

Comparing information collected by counting

**Favorite Student After School Activity**

Activity	Number
Visit W/Friends	175
Talk on Phone	168
Play Sports	120
Earn Money	120
Use Computers	65

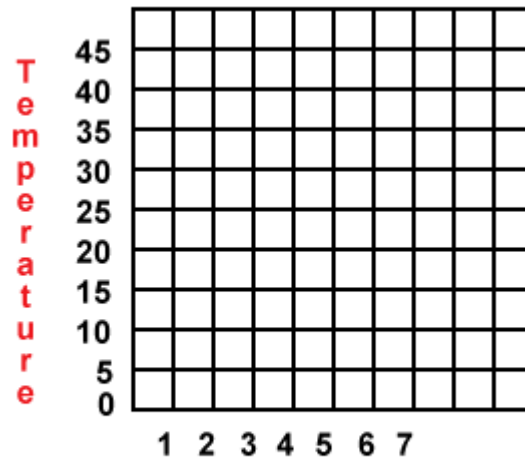


## Line

Data changes over time

**Average Daily Temperature for  
January 1-7 in Degrees Fahrenheit**

Date	Temperature
1	10
2	25
3	30
4	42
5	23
6	25
7	40



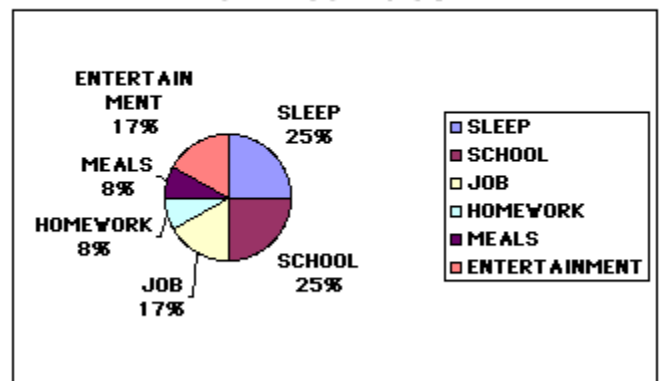
**Average Daily Temperature for  
January 1-7 in Degrees Fahrenheit**

## Circle Graph (or Pie chart)

Different parts of a whole quantity.

Slices represent percentages of the total.

**Percent of Hours of a Day Spent  
on Activities**



**Percent of Hours of a Day Spent on Activities**

ACTIVITY	HOURS	PERCENT OF DAY
Sleep	6	25
School	6	25
Job	4	17
Entertainment	4	17
Meals	2	8
Homework	2	8

# Hints for Graphing

- Meaningful title
- Use correct axis (Iv on “x” & Dv on “y”)
- Appropriate graph size
- Clear legible/neat
- **USE PENCIL!**

[http://sps.k12.mo.us/sms/Science/Graphing%20Notes\\_files/frame.htm](http://sps.k12.mo.us/sms/Science/Graphing%20Notes_files/frame.htm)  
<http://www.mcwn.org/Graphs/TabGraphMain.html>